



# Add category icons to your homepage category panels

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By default, all new knowledge bases use category icons on their homepage. If you're using one of our older knowledge base themes, or you are using a knowledge base created from a copy of an older knowledge base, you may need to manually update your knowledge base to use category icons on the homepage.

There are two ways to use category icons in your homepage category panels:

1. **Use our pre-built merge code to do the work for you:** This requires less work and technical knowledge, but it will change the HTML structure of your homepage, which may mean you'll need to update Custom CSS to style the panels the same way.



We recommend starting with this approach, since it uses built-in functionality.

2. **Keep your existing styles and use a script** (and some additional Custom CSS) to style your icons: This is a bit trickier but means you won't have to touch your current styles much.

We'll walk through each option in more detail below.

## Use the merge code

To use the merge code, you'll need to update your homepage so that it's no longer using the `[template("base-cats")]` template.



If your knowledge base is actively being used, [contact us](#) to request a sandbox copy of your knowledge base to test this template in, since it will change the styles a bit!

To generate the automatic panels for your current homepage, a template for base-cats is used. This template is usually added in one of two places:

- Top-level Homepage
- Settings > Style, Custom HTML > Home Page

1. Check each of these pages to see where `[template("base-cats")]` is referenced; you'll want to make the edits

in the same place.

2. Once you've found where the template is added, replace "base-cats" with "icon-cats". So your merge code should now look like:

```
[template("icon-cats")]
```

3. By default, the icon-cats template will:

- Display all of your categories
- Display four categories per row
- Won't display the category description

4. If you're happy with that, you can **Save now**. Otherwise, you can adjust the merge code to change this behavior.

5. To limit the number of categories it shows, add `,max=<#>`. Make sure you have no spaces, and replace `<#>` with maximum number of categories you want to show. For example, this merge code will limit the number of categories displayed to eight:

```
[template("icon-cats,max=8")]
```

6. To adjust the number of categories displayed per row, add `,col=<#>`. Make sure you have no spaces, and replace `<#>` with the number of columns of categories you want per row. For example, this merge code will display three categories per row instead of the default four:

```
[template("icon-cats,col=3")]
```

7. To show the category description below the category's icon and title, add `,desc=1`, which tells the merge code to show descriptions:

```
[template("icon-cats,desc=1")]
```

8. You can use any combination of these settings together, too. This merge code will display a total of nine categories even if there are more, and will display them in rows of three with the category descriptions shown:

```
[template("icon-cats,max=9,col=3,desc=1")]
```

9. You can use the **Preview** option to get a sneak peek of how that will look.

10. Once you've finished making changes, be sure to Save them.

If you're using the default styles on the home page, that will shift the home page from having two or three categories per row with this styling:

A sample knowledge base using the base-cats template

To have four categories per row with this styling:

A sample knowledge base using the icon-cats template

## Styling the panels

If you have Custom CSS already applied to your homepage category tiles, that CSS won't generally work on the icon-cats template, since it constructs the HTML and CSS classes differently.

In the base-cats format, the row of category tiles is put within a `div class="category-list"` with divs for `faq-cat-panel-container` and `faq-cat-panel`, something like this:

Sample HTML structure of a home page using base-cats

Most of the Custom CSS to style these is applied to the `faq-cat-panel` div, which handles background, border, text alignment, and more.

Once you switch to icon-cats, the format changes significantly:

- The `category-list` div picks up two extra classes (`panels` and `colx`), where x is replaced with the number of columns specified in the merge code).
- The extra `faq-cat-panel-container` is completely removed.
- The `faq-cat-panel` class changes to `cat-icon-panel`.
- The div also includes a div for `category-icon`.
- The `cat-icon-panel` gets a title set, which helps with accessibility.

Sample HTML structure of a home page using icon-cats

The default styles we use for the icon-cats classes are:

```

.cat-icon-panel {
  border: 1px solid #e6e6e6;
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  justify-content: center;
  flex-direction: column;
  box-shadow: none;
  padding: 16px;
  border-radius: 5px;
  cursor: pointer;
  transition: all .2s ease-in-out;
  backface-visibility: hidden;
}

.category-icon {
  height: 100px;
  transition: all .2s ease-in-out;
}

.hg-minimalist-theme .cat-icon-panel .category-header,
.cat-icon-panel .category-header {
  font-size: 18px;
  color: #1d284f;
}

.cat-icon-panel .category-header {
  text-align: center;
}

.cat-icon-panel:hover {
  transform: scale(1.01) translateZ(0);
  box-shadow: 2px 4px 4px #aeaeae;
}

.cat-icon-panel:hover .category-icon {
  transform: scale(1.10);
}

```

You can copy these and paste them into your Custom CSS and start tweaking them to do your styles.

## Updating your existing CSS

Alternatively, you can try to update your existing CSS in-place. This will take some trial and error, but here are some tips:

- If you have any CSS that is setting the `.faq-cat-panel-container` width, you should be able to remove this completely. We no longer wrap the panels in a container to handle width; the icon-cats `col=` variable lets you set this width directly in the merge code. Be sure that your merge code contains the appropriate `col=` setting to mimic this width CSS.
- If you have any existing CSS specifying that `.faq-cat-panel-container` or `.faq-cat-panel` use `flex` (or any of the flex attributes), you should be able to remove that entirely. The icon-cats structure uses flex automatically.
- If you have existing `.faq-cat-panel` styles, try copying that CSS and adding it to the `.cat-icon-panel` class.
  - For example, if I have this CSS in my existing knowledge base:

```
.hg-home-page .category-list .faq-cat-panel {
  border: 2px solid black;
  box-shadow: none;
  padding: 16px;
  border-radius: 5px;
}
```

- I can add a comma and add the same selectors but replace `.faq-cat-panel` with `.cat-icon-panel`:

```
.hg-home-page .category-list .faq-cat-panel,
.hg-home-page .category-list .cat-icon-panel {
  border: 2px solid black;
  box-shadow: none;
  padding: 16px;
  border-radius: 5px;
}
```

- Changes to the base styles for the `.cat-icon-panel` as well as the `h3` within them should be fairly easy to update using this method.
- You may need to add new `:hover` styles for `.cat-icon-panel:hover` and `.cat-icon-panel:hover .category-icon` rather than updating existing styles for `.faq-cat-panel:hover`, depending on how the existing CSS was formatted. You can use the default CSS in the previous section as a base and compare that with your current CSS for hover effects to try to find the right combination.
- Preview is your friend when testing these CSS changes, or ask our team for a sandbox copy of your current knowledge base to test in!

## Use a script

If you don't want to use the merge code, you can use the base-cats template combined with a script to extract the icons. This is a little clunkier but does work.

We strongly encourage you to try the merge code approach though, as it is slightly more accessible for screen readers and much easier to work with for future styling needs.

You can add to your knowledge base's Custom HTML and Custom CSS to extract the category icons and display them!



Before you follow these steps, it's a great idea to have at least one [category icon](#) added to a category, so you can confirm the script is working and figure out what style tweaks might be necessary.

To get the category icons displaying on your home page:

1. Go to **Settings > Style**.
2. Below the preview pane, select **Custom HTML**.

3. In the dropdown, select **Home Page**.

4. Copy the script below and paste it into the bottom of the Custom HTML editing pane:

```
<script>
//This script runs on the home page and looks for category icons added to the category, extracts and displays them.
$(function() {
  $.each($(".faq-cat-panel-container"), function() {
    var imageURL = $(this).find("input.category-icon-url").val();
    $(this).find(".faq-cat-panel").prepend("<div><img class='category-icon' src='"+imageURL+"' alt=''></div>");
  });
  $(".faq-cat-panel-container").show();
});
</script>
```

5. Now select **Custom CSS**.

6. Copy the CSS below and paste it into your CSS. The `.category-icon` class can be used to style your icons as you'd like--the style here is just an example. You can play with this more or talk to our support team for additional help getting the icons to appear as you'd like!

```
/* Hide the home page category containers at first, so that the category icon script will display them once they run
This prevents a blip where the panels show briefly without the icon */
.hg-home-page .faq-cat-panel-container {
  display: none;
}
/* Style the category icon; you can use any variety of CSS here */
.category-icon {
  max-width: 3em;
  padding-bottom: 0.5em;
}
```

7. You can preview your changes; just be sure you **Save** them once you're done.

## Variations

If you'd like the alt text of the image to be populated by the category title, use this script instead:

```
<script>
  //This script runs on the home page and looks for category icons added to the category, extracts and displays them.
  $(function() {
    $.each($(".faq-cat-panel-container"), function() {
      var imageURL = $(this).find("input.category-icon-url").val();
      var catTitle = $(this).find(".category-header a").text();
      $(this).find(".faq-cat-panel").prepend("<div><img class='category-icon' src='"+imageURL+"' alt='"+catTitle+"'></div>");
    });
    $(".faq-cat-panel-container").show();
  });
</script>
```